Cincinnati and Other Places.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Flour steady; old red winter patents, \$3.55@3.65; extra fancy and straight, \$3.30@3.40; new of each nominally 10@

brl less; clear, \$3@8.20. Wheat lower; No

2 red, cash, elevator, 71%c; track, 72@78c for new, 78c for old; September, 71c; December, 73c; No. 2 hard, 76@77c. Corn lower; No. 2,

cash, 62%c; track, 60%66%c; September, 53%c; December, 41%c. Oats lower; No. 2, cash, 54c; track, 54%c; July, 38c; September, 29%c asked; No. 2 white, 59c. Rye steady at 57c for old.

\$12; short clear, \$12.37\\(\). Timothy seed to arrive August, \$4.35\(\)4.50; spot, \$5\(\)5.3

Bran strong; sacked east track, 85@580

Hay quiet; timothy, \$12@14; prairie, \$7@10 Whisky, \$1.30. Iron cotton ties steady at \$1.00

,600 bris; wheat, 20,000 bu; corn, 16,000 bu; oats

Hams-Short cut, 11 to 16 lbs, strong at 60s

Bacon strong; Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, 56s;

short ribs, 16 to 20 lbs, 58s 6d; long clear mid

dles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, 59a; short clear backs,

at 47s. Butter nominal. Cheese steady; Ameri-

can finest white, 47s 6d; American finest col-

ored, 48s 6d. Lard strong; prime Western, in

LOUISVILLE, July 12.-Wheat-No. 2 red and

longberry, 75c; No. 3 red and longberry, 73c. Apples—Sun-dried, 5c per lb for bright; medium

oright, 4c; dark, 8c; peaches, 11/62/1c. Beans

green onions, 10c per doz; leaf lettuce, 30c per bu; head lettuce, 65c per bu; new cabbage, \$1

per crate; peppers, \$2.50 per crate; green beans,

KANSAS CITY, July 12.-Wheat-September,

77% 6771½c; December, 68% 668%c; cash, No. 2 hard, 72673c; No. 3, 67669c; No. 4 hard, 65½6 67c; rejected hard, 68665c; No. 2 red, 72678c; No. 3, 70671c. Corn—September, 50% 650½c; December, 38½c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 67c; No. 2

white, 681/2@69c; No. 3, 681/2c. Oats-No. 2, 48@

Receipts-Wheat, 86,400 bu; corn, 11,200 bu; s, 31,000 bu. Shipments-Wheat, 32,800 bu;

BALTIMORE, July 12.-Flour quiet. Wheat

74%@75c; Southern, by sample, 70@79c

steady; spot, 78% 678%c; July, 77% 677%c; August, 77677%c; September, 77% 677%c; steamer No. 2

Southern, on grade, 75@79c. Corn-No market.

TOLEDO, July 12 .- Wheat dull and easier:

cash, 77%c; July, 76%c; September, 76c; Decem-

Oats dull; cash and July strong; September

seed dull but steady; cash, \$5.05; October,

quiet; No. 2 mixed, 66%c. Oats steady; No. 2

ished goods steady on basis of \$1.30. Sugar

DULUTH, July 12 .- Wheat-Cash, No. 1 hard,

79%c; No. 1 northern, 76%c; No. 2 northern,

75%c; No. 1 northern and July, 76%c; September,

Butter, Cheese and Eggs.

NEW YORK, July 12.-Butter-Receipts, 8,101

packages. Market barely steady. State dairy,

马德治元: State creamery, 18621%c; renovated,

16194c; factory, 16618c; imitation creamery,

7619c. Cheese-Receipts, 2,953 packages. Mar-

ket easier. New State full creams, small col-

ored, 914c; large white, 914c. Eggs-Receipts,

Pennsylvania, 20@201/20; Western candled, 191/20;

Southwestern, 15@17%c

small, 1014@1014c.

.062 packages. Market firm to weak. State and

PHILADELPHIA, July 12 .- Butter steady; ex-

Eggs steady; fresh near-by, 191/2c, loss off;

tra Western creamery, 22c; extra near-by prints,

fresh Western, 20c, loss off; fresh Southwestern,

9c. loss off; fresh Southern, 17@18c, loss off.

Cheese unchanged; New York full creams, prime,

BALTIMORE, July 12 .- Butter firm; fancy imi-

tation, 19@20c; fancy creamery, 22@22½c; fancy ladle, 18@19c; fancy roll, 17@18c; good roll, 16@

18c; store packed, 16@17c. Eggs firm and un-changed; fresh, 174@18c. Cheese firm and un-changed; large, 10@10%c; medium, 10%@10%c;

CHICAGO, July 12 .- On the Produce Exchange

to-day the butter market was firm; creameries,

.8@214c; dairies, 17@194c. Eggs firm at 174c, loss off. Cheese steady at 10@104c.

Missouri and Kansas stock, 14c doz, loss off,

ST. LOUIS, July 12.-Butter steady; creamery,

17@22c; dairy, 17@19c. Eggs steady at 141/2c, loss

CINCINNATI, July 12.—Eggs steady at 14c Butter quiet. Cheese steady; Ohlo flat, 10c.

LOUISVILLE, July 12.-Butter-Common and

LONDON, July 12 .- The offerings at the wool

auction sales to-day numbered 11,288 bales. The

attendance was large and competition was spir-

ited. Fine grades were firm and in buyers'

ferior slipes were dull and 'n buyers' favor.

greasies sold quickly at full rates, mostly to

German representatives. A limited supply of

merinos was taken, America securing a few

parcels. Scoureds were in good demand for the

continent. Next week 74,700 bales will be of-

fered. Following are the sales in detail: New

greasy, 3%@11%d. Victoria, 2,300 bales; scoured.

91/2d@1s 91/2d; greasy, 31/4d@1s 11/2d. New South

87,787 bales, including 27,000 forwarded direct.

toria, 157 bales; Cape of Good Hope and Natal,

NEW YORK, July 12.-Wool steady; domestic

NEW YORK, July 12 .- Petroleum steady; re-

fined, New York, 7.40c; New York and Baltimore,

SAVANNAH, July 12.-Spirits of turpentine

WILMINGTON, July 12 .- Spirits of turpentine,

nothing doing. Rosin steady at \$1.10@1.15. Crude

OIL CITY, July 12.-Credit balances, 122; cer-

tificates, no bid. Shipments, 59,063 bris; aver-

age, 69,805 bris; runs, 70,404 bris; average, 79,298

MONTPELIER, July 12.-Crude petroleum

Metals.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.-Metals quiet. Lead steady

Poultry.

LOUISVILLE, July 12 .- Hens, 9c per 1b; spring

chickens, 13@131/2c; young ducks, Sc; young tur-

ST. LOUIS, July 12.-Poultry firm; chickens,

CINCINNATI, July 12 .- Poultry steady; spring-

Dry Goods.

close to the dry goods market this week in all departments. Prices are without change in

brown, bleached and coarse colored cottons.

Prints are steady and ginghams firm. American

cotton yarns in fair request, but weak and ir-

Cotton.

Sales, 325 bales. Ordinary, 79-16c; good or-

dinary, 81-16c; iow middling, 89-16c; middling, 9c; good middling, 95-16c; middling fair, 911-16c.

NEW YORK, July 12 .- Cotton-Spot quiet; mid-

dling uplands, 9 5-16c; middling gulf, 9 9-16c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12 .- Cotton steady.

NEW YORK, July 12 .- There has been a dull

ers, 14@15c; hens, 94c; turkeys, 10c.

10c; springs, 1216@1316c; turkeys, 11c; ducks, 7c;

steady; North Lima, 89c; South Lima and In-

7.35c: New York and Baltimore, in bulk, 4.80c. Rosin firm; strained common to good, \$1.5712.

South Wales, 1,800 bales; scoured, 41/2d@ls 71/2d

New Zealand, 4,900 bales; scoured, 4%d@ls

heavy fine, 10@13c; tub washed, 15@241/2c.

Sprits of turpentine stendy at 4712@48c.

rivals of wool of the fifth

bales.

fieece, 25@20c.

and rosin unchanged.

and tending in favor of buyers.

at \$3.97%@4; spelter firm at \$1.90.

keys, 6@8c; old, 6@7c.

Low cross-breds, faulty scoureds and in-

medium, 1412c per lb; good, 15c. Eggs, 13c.

ored, fancy, 10c; small white, 10c; large col-

Bacon strong at \$12.121/2. Whisky-Distillers'

CINCINNATI, July 12.-Flour easy.

mixed, 541/2c. Rye nominal; No. 2, 66c.

Corn dull but firm; cash, 651/2c;

Bulk meats firm at \$10.8712

changed; fine and coarse granulated, 4.711/20

\$1.50 per brl; tomatoes, 75c per crate.

61c; No. 2 Western, 63c.

firm at \$10.65.

20 lbs, 59s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs

28 to 34 lbs, 60s; long clear mid

Pork dull but higher; jobbing, \$18.671/2 for \$19.07% for new. Lard nominally higher at \$11.95

Columbia National Bank

CAPITAL, \$300,000

United States Depositary. Safe Deposit Vaults.

MORTIMER LEVERING .. President. A. A. BARNESVice President. W. F. C. GOLT..... Cashier. W. K. SPROULE, jr Asst. Cashier.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS

TRADE FULLY UP TO EXPECTATIONS

Year-Steady Tone in Groceries-Good Arrivals of Cereals.

For the second week in July business was quite satisfactory. In but few lines trade in which the business fluctuates with the season of the year trade has been somewhat in excess of the corresponding period last year. On Commission row prices of fruits and vegetables are now within reach and fruits of the season are selling as low as last year, and meions and tomatoes are seiling at even lower figures. The produce markets are strong, especially eggs and poultry, which are very firm at quotations, and are fast movers. Staple groceries rule are moving freely, with the month as in staple groceries. Flour is in a stronger position, and some grades are prices unsettled. For many months this calfskin, 90c@\$1.10; French calfskin, \$1.20@1.85. market has been disappointing. Leather rules steady as to prices and a fair trade is in progress. Hardware merchants and iron dealers report trade as very satis-As a consequence profits are very satisfactory. Traveling salesmen who came in Friday and Saturday all give good reports of the outlook for a big fall trade, the more promising condition of all crops being a feature in favor of such results. Wheat is mostly cut and in good condition for threshing; oats are said to be fully as good as has been expected, and every day makes the prospect for a good corn crop

Indianapolis Grain Market.

The local grain market is quite active, receipts of wheat yesterday reaching 25 cars and of corn 29 cars, and all markets were steady and firm in tone. Inspections were: Wheat, No. 2 red, 1 car; No. 3 red, 4; No. 4 red, 1; rejected, 14; unmerchantable, 4; total, 25 cars. Corn: No. 2 white, 20 cars; No. 4 white, 1; No. 3 mixed, 2; No. 3 mixed, 1; no grade, 2; cear corn, 2; total, 29 cars. Oats: No. 2 mixed, 1 car. Hay: No. 2 clover, 1 car. Track bids as reported by the secretary of the Board of Trade

Wheat steady; No. 2 red, 731/2c, track; No. 2 red, 72%c, on milling freight; No. 3 red, 69% 671%c, track; wagon wheat, 73c. Corn steady; No. 1 white, 661/2c; No. 2 white, 661/2c; No. 3 white, 661/2c; No. 4 white, 621/20641/20; No. 2 white mixed, 65c; No. 3 white mixed, 65c; No. 4 white mixed, 610 63c; No. 2 yellow, 654c; No. 3 yellow, 654c; No. 4 yellow, 614,6634c; No. 2 mixed, 65c; No. 3 mixed, 66c; No. 4 mixed, 61666c; ear, 65c; wagon market, 64%c.
Oats weaker; No. 2 white, 52@52%c; No. 3
white, 51%@52c; No. 2 mixed, 50%@51c; No. 3
mixed, 50@50%c.

Hay steady; No. 1 timothy, \$12.75@13.25; No. 2 timothy, \$11.25@11.75. WAGON MARKET. Offerings were Aberal for Saturday and practically ruled about as on Friday, re-

ported by the wagon weighmaster as fol-Oorn-72075c per bu. Oats-53055c per bu. Hay-Timothy, choice, \$13@15; new, \$10@

11; mixed, \$11@12; clover, \$9@10, according to quality.

Sheaf Oats-\$12@13 per ton.

Straw-\$566, according to quality.

Poultry and Other Produce. (Prices paid by shippers.)) Turkeys, 10 to 12 lbs, 10c per lb; hens, 91/2c; Cocks, Sc; young chickens, 84,210c; springers, 14 In dry salt 1/2 less. 216c per lb; ducks, Sc; geese, 24.80 per doz. Cheese-New York full creams, 12,213c; do-

mestic, 13c; Swiss. 17c; brick, 14c; limburger, 13c. Butter-Choice roll, 136014c per lb; poor, No. 2. Beeswax-80o for yellow, 25c for dark. 20c per lb. Wool-Merchantable, medium, 16c; burry and

unmerchantable, 305c less; coarse grades, 15c;

fine merine, 13@15c; tub washed, 25@28c. HIDES, TALLOW, ETC. Green-salted Hides-No. 1, 8c; No. 2, 7c; No. 1 calf, 10c; No. 2 caif, 8/2c.

THE JOBBING TRADE.

(The quotations given below are the selling prices of the wholesale dealers.) Candles and Nuts.

Candles-Stick, To per 1b; common mixed, 7c; grocers' mixed, 65c; Banner twist stick, 8c; Banner cream mixed, 19@11c; old-time mixed, 8c. peanuts, roasted, 7@Sc; mixed nuts, 12c. Canned Goods.

Miscellaneous-Blackberries, 2-lb, 85@20c; raspberries, 2-lb, \$1.2591.30; pineapples, standard, 2-To, \$1.55@1.80; choice, \$2@2.10; cove oysters, 1-1b. full weight, mewsi; light, 60% sie; string beans, 3-1b, \$1; Lima beans, \$1.20@1.2b; lobsters, \$1.85@2; red cherries, 25c@\$1; strawberries, 85@90c; sai-mon, 1-lb, 25c@\$2; tomatoes, 3-lb, \$1.60@1.75. Coal and Coke.

Anthracite (all sizes), \$7.25 per ton; Blossburg, smokeless, \$4.75; Jackson, \$1.25; Kanawha, 1 25; Pittsburg, \$4.25; Kaymond, \$4.25; Winifrede, \$4.25; Luhrig, \$4; Hocking Valley, \$4; Brazil block, \$3.50; Greene county, \$3.25; Indiana lump, \$1.25; sinck, smokeless, \$3.25; slack, Jackcoke, \$6.50; fump coke, lic per bu, \$2.75 per 25 is employed as a brooch, cuff button or bu; crushed coke, 13c per bu, \$3.25 per 25 bu. breastpin. Sometimes the beetle is mount-Bags, 25c per ton extra, ground floor or dumped | ed upon a thin plate of gold or silver and is in cellar; from wagon, 25c per ton extra, by used as an earring. wheelbarrow, chute or basket.

Drugs.

te; camphor, 65070c; cochineal, 30006c; chloroform, 58055c; copperas, brl, 75c; cream tartar, pure, 200 3e; indigo, 65@80c; licorice, Calab. genuine. Lef i0c; magnesia, carb., 2-oz, 20@22c morphine, P. & W., per oz, \$2.45@2.60; madder, Tagethe; oil, castor, per gal, \$1.08@1.20; oil, berga-W. per oz., 32937c; balsam copaiba, 35000c; soap, eastile, Fr., 13@ifc; soda, bicarb., 212@3c; saits, Epsom, 11404c; sulphur flour, 24,05c; saltpoter, Sciloc; turpentine, 33000c; glycerine, 16120 they make a wond sium, 50980c; chlorate potash, 15@20c; borax, 9@ 12e: cinchonida, 35 940c; carbolic acid, 320740c; cocaine, mur., \$4.3004.50.

Dry Goods.

Sheetings-Androscoggin L. Berkley, No. 60, Sac; Cabot, 6ac; Capitol. Cumberland, ic; Dwight Anchor, Se; Fruit of the Loom, The Farwell, ic, Fitchville, 84c; Full Width, Sige, Gill Edge, Sige; Gilded Age, Sc; Hill. Te: Hope, 6%c; Linwood, Te: Lonsdale, Fige, Peabody, Sige; Pepperell, 3-4, 20c; Pepperell, Andrewsongin S-4 Uc. Andrewsongin S-4 Uc. 10-4, Mie; Andrescoggin, 9-4, 19c; Androscoggin, Brown Sheetings-Atlantic A. 84c; Argyle, give; Boott C. Uge; Buck's Head, 6c; Clifton Cot. Mac. Constitution, Winch. 65c; Carlisle. Minch, Sc. Dwight Star, fc. Great Falls E, Sac Great Falls J. Sr. Hill Fine, Ic. Indian Head. the Pepperell R. Mc; Pepperell, 10-4, 20c; Angroscoggin, 9-4, iSc; Androscoggin, 10-4, 20c Prints-Allen dress styles, Sc. Allen TR, 4%c; Allen rotes, Mic. American indigo, 4%c. Arnold long cloth B. The: Arnold LLC, 6%c. Cocheco long cloth H. fancy, be, Hamilton fancy, be; Merrimac pinks and purples. Sigo; Pacific fancy, Sc; Simpson's mournings, the: Simpson's Berlin solids, 54c; impson's ail finish, to: American shirting, 4c; binck white, the greys, the Kid-finished Cambrics-Edwards, 4c; Warren, 314c; Sinter, 4c; Genesee, 4 Tickings-Amoskeng ACA, 10/20; Conestoga PF. 125c Cords 140, 115c; Cordis T. 115c; Cordis ACE, 115c; Hamilton awnings, Sc. Ki-mono farcy, 15c; Lenox fancy, 18c; Methuen AA, 1014c; Oakland AF, 6c; Portsmouth, Hisc; Susquehanna, 12 ge; Shetucket SW, 6c; Shetucket F.

Ginghams-Amoskeag staple, 54c; Amoskeag

6460; Swift River, 546c.

dress, 7c; Bates, 5½c; Lancaster, 5½c; Lancaster dress, 7c; Bates, 5½c; Toll du Nord, 8c. Grain Bags-Amoskeag, \$14.50; American,

\$14.50; Harmony, \$14; Stark, \$16. Flour. Straight grades, \$4.50@4.75; patent flour, \$4.75@

spring wheat, \$5.60@5.80. Groceries.

prime, 14@18c; fancy green and yellow, 18@22c; 321/2083c; finest Mocha and Java, 28@30c; Java iend, 32c; fancy blend, 18c; Golden blend, 15c. Package coffee-City prices: Arlosa, 9.75c; Lion. 9.25c; Jersey, 9.75c; Caracas, 9.25c; Dutch Java blend, 12.50c; Dilworth's, 9.76c; Mail Pouch, 9.25c; Gates's blended Java, 8.25c; Jav-O-Can (100 friction top tins in basket), lic; Climax Java blend, 9.75c. Sugars-City prices: Crystal dominos, 5-lb

cartons. 7.17c; Eagle tablets, 5.57c; cut loaf, 5.57c; powdered, 5.17c; XXXX powdered, 5.22c; standard granulated, 4.97c; fine granulated, 4.97c; extra fine granulated, 5.07c; granulated, 5-lb bags, 12c; granulated, 2-lb bags, 5.17c; cubes, 5.32c; nold A, 5.42c; confectioners' A, 4.77c; 1 Columbia yellow C, 4.12c; 11 yellow, 4.07c; 12 yellow, 4.02c; 18 yellow, 4.02c; 14 yellow, 4.02c; 15 yellow, 1.97c; 16 yellow, 3.92c. Salt-in car lots, 30@88c; small lots, 90@95c.

air to prime, 28@33c; choice, 38@42c; syrups, 28@ Rice-Louisiana, 41/206c; Carolina, 61/2084c.

Shot-\$1.65@1.75 per bag for drop. Lead-65207c for pressed bars. Wood Dishes-No. 1, per 1,000, \$1.8002; No. \$202.20; No. 3, \$2.2002.30; No. 5, \$2.8003. Twine-Hemp, 12@18c per lb; wool, 8@10c; flax, 20@30c; paper, 25c; jute, 12@15c; cotton, 18@25c. Woodenware—No. 1 tubs, \$6@7; No. 2 tubs, \$5@ range of prices practically the same as a 6; No. 3 tubs, \$4@5; 3-hoop pails, \$1.60; 2-hoop In but few lines of trade have pails, \$1.40@1.50; double washboards, \$2.25@2.70 washboards, \$1.85@1.90; clothespins, 60@

Oak sole, 33@37c; hemlock sole, 27@35c; harslightly higher. Hides are still dull, with ness, 25@40c; skirting, 28@40c; single strap, 41@ September to December by a prominent 2 45c; city kip, 60% 86c; French kip, 90c% \$1.20; cit; Nails and Horseshoes.

Steel cut nails, \$2.50; wire nails, from store, \$2.50 rates; from mill, \$2.50 rates. Horseshoes, per keg, \$4; mule shoes, per keg, \$4.50; horse factory, with prices firm and unchanged. nails, \$4@5 per box. Barb wire, galzanized, \$3.25; painted, \$3.10.

Iron and Steel. Bar fron, 2.50c; horseshoe bar, 2.75c; nail rod, ic: plow slabs, 4.50c; American cast steel, 9@11c; tire steel, 3@3%c; spring steel, 4%@5c.

Linseed, raw, 65c per gal; linseed oil, boiled, 66c per gal; coal oil, legal test, 8@14c.

Produce, Fruits and Vegetables. Bananas-Per bunch, No. 1, \$1.75@2; No. \$1.25@1.50. Oranges-Late Valencias, per box, \$4.50@5 Lemons-Messina, 360 to box, fancy, \$5: California, per box, \$4@4.50. New Potatoes-Home grown, \$1.75 per brl; early Ohlos, 65c per bu.

Onions-75c per bu. Celery-Michigan, 15@20c per bunch. Honey-White, 16c per lb; dark, 14c. Maple Sugar-12c per lb

Cauliflower-\$1 per doz. per brl. \$4; red June, per bu, Pineapples-\$1.25@1.50 per doz, according to size.

Blackberries-\$2.50 per 24-quart crate. Gooseberries-\$1.75 per case. Egg Plant-\$1 per doz. Peaches-White, \$1.25 per 4-basket crate; Elbertas, \$1.50.

Cucumbers-30c per doz. Green Beans-75c per bu; wax, \$1. Currants-Red, \$1.75 per case. Canteloures-Rocky Ford seed, \$2.50 per crate; Georgia, \$1.50 per crate; Indiana Gems, \$1 per

Watermelons-Small, \$14 per hundred; large. \$20 per hundred. Plums-Red. \$1.25 per crate. California Fruits-Apricots, \$1.25 per crate;

Olyman plums, \$1.35; Tragedy prunes, \$2.25; Alexandria peaches, \$1.10. Provisions.

Sugar-cured Hams-Indiana, 7 to 9 lbs average, 14%c; 10 to 12 lbs average, 14%c; 14 to 16 lbs average, 14%c. Reliable, 7 to 3 lbs average, 14%c; 10 to 12 lbs average, Icc. Shoulders-English cured, Reliable, 18 to 20 lbs average, 11%c; 16 lbs average, 11%c; 10 to 12 lbs average, 12c; sugar cured, Indiana, 8 to 10 Pickled Pork-Fancy boneless pig pork, per brl 200 lbs, \$24; fancy clear bean pork, per bri 200 lbs, \$23.50; short clear, per bri 200 lbs, \$20.50; rump, per bri 200 lbs, \$20; Indiana bean or jowl. per bri 200 lbs, \$18.50. Also half bris, 100 lbs, at half the price of the brl, adding 50c to cover

additional cost of package. Lard-Kettle rendered, 13c; pure lard, 12%c. Bacon-Clear sides, 50 to 60 lbs average, 1314c; 30 to 40 lbs average, 13%c; 20 to 30 lbs average, 13%c; clear bellies, 25 to 30 lbs average, 13%c; 18 to 23 lbs average, 13%c; 14 to 16 lbs average, 13%c; clear backs, 20 to 30 lbs average, 13%c; 12 to 15 lbs average, 1314c; 9 to 10 lbs average, 1314c,

Seed clover, prime, \$5.25@6.50; English clover, \$5.25@5.50; alsike, \$6.50@7; alfalfa, choice, \$6@ crimson clover, \$4.50@5. Timothy, \$3.25@3.50. Fancy Kentucky bluegrass, \$1.25@1.40; extra clean, 60@70c. Orchard grass, \$1.40@1.75. Peathers-Prime geese, 30c per lb; prime duck, Red top, 90c@\$1.75. English bluegrass, \$2.25@3. HOW BEETLE JEWELRY IS MADE.

Beautiful Ornaments Devised from

New York Evening Post.

the Shells of Nicaraguan Insects.

There seems to be no connection between companied by novelties and changes in woman's attire. The entente between France and Russia revolutionized modes and replaced the corsage with the Russian Nuts-Soft-shelled almonds, 18@20c; English | blouse. Our growing intercourse with Nica-walnuts, 12@14c; Brazil nuts, 16c; filberts, 14%c; ragua has brought into the market some of the odd beetle jewelry for which that country is famous. Not alone Nicaragua, but all of the Central American republics are Corn-Scott \$1.25. Peaches-Eastern standard, wonderfully rich in insect life. Both butstandard, \$2.10@2.40; California seconds, \$1.90@2. magnificent colorings known to entomol-

ogy. The aborigines utilized many of the ornaments. The favorite beetles the writer has found to be of three classes. One is very much stronger. It is coated with a green enamel of metallic luster, which looks like a gem from some other planet. York car lots. The Indians cure the beetles by drying and smoking and mount it with golden legs. This is set upon a disk of white stone, car-Virginia, \$2.50; siack, Indiana, \$2; Connellsville which, in turn, is rimmed with gold. This

The second class of beetles are of the same general outline as the tumble-bug. Alcohol, \$2.55@2.75; asafoetida, 40c; alum, 250 able purple, blue and green, with metallic luster. The tint varies with the angle at which light strikes the surface. They are not as strong as the scarab, and are employed for making necklaces and bracelets. Three or four are fastened together so as mot, per lb. \$2.75. optum, \$3.50@3.70. quinine, P. to form a bead, and a number of these beads are strung upon elastic cord or gold wire. When around a snowy wrist or neck they make a wonderfully striking display

The Old Hand Organ. The old hand organ in the street Has not the gaudy gold and gilt The new ones have-but, oh, the sweet Old tunes it plays with limping lilt "The Harp that Once Through Tara's Halls." 'Jim Crow," and "Annie Laurie," too-And, answering its bugle calls,

The old times rise for me and you Then "You'll Remember Me," it plays-And straight our memories go back Through all the dead years' mellow haze, With frequent pause along the track. And then we see the grass-grown streets The orchards gleaming in the sun. Where crooning bees seek out the sweets

We see the flash of merry eyes; We see the gleam of old-time smiles; And, ere the eld-time music dies, We live again the old-time whiles, We walk the pathway in the lane, And day-dream as we used to then, For on the rippling old refrain

And shadows o'er the grasses run.

The old times come to life again. Play! Old hand organ in the street! Play every song we used to sing, And let our hearts in cadence beat With each glad memory they bring. Play, in your halting, careless way. The fine old tunes that softly tell Of every God-made happy day In those old times we loved so well.

-W. D. Nesbit, in Baltimore American.

No. 13, 3.70c; No. 14, 3.70c; confectioners' A, 4.45c; mold A, 5c; cut loaf, 5.15c; crushed, 5.15c; powdered, 4.75c; granulated, 4.65c; SEEKING FOR SALVATION TRADE IN GENERAL.

MEN WHO "HAVE SOLD WIND" IN THE JULY CORN DEAL.

Shorts Are Much Worried-September Grain Prices Are Lower-Provisions Make Small Gains.

CHICAGO, July 12.-A petition was Trade, asking that a "margined price" be fixed on July corn, which has been cornered by a party headed by John W. Gates. The meaning of the petition is that the directors will proceed to fix a fair price for cereal in markets where the supply is not Coffee-Good, 10@12c; prime, 12@14c; strictly manipulated. Such a step, it is said, has not been taken in twenty years, although the rules provide for such action. Brokers generally were quoted as being opposed to the petition. Manager Samuel Scotter, of

Harris, Gates & Co., said: "It's a nice idea. If they win, all right; if they lose they act the baby. What we made legitimate trades. People who have A. 4.62c; 2 Windsor A. 4.57c; 5 Empire A. 4.47c; 6 sold wind let the consequences."

Ideal Golden ex. C. 4.42c; 7 Windsor ex. C. 4.22c; The market for July corn was dull to8 Ridgewood ex. C. 4.22c; 9 yellow ex. C. 4.17c; The market for July corn was dull today. Sales were between 85c and 86c, and

Spices—Pepper, 17c; allspice, 15@18c; cloves, 15@18c; cassia, 15@18c; nutmegs, 50@60c per lb.

Beans—Prime marrow, bu, \$2.60@2.85; prime per or navy, bu, \$1.90@2; prime red kidney, bu, \$2.50@2.75; Lima beans, lb, 6½@7c.

Molasses and Syrups—New Orleans molasses, Molasses and Syrups—New Orleans molasses, lower, oats were ½@%c lower, with September provisions unchanged to 20c higher. the wheat market, and many of yesterday's buyers turned sellers early in the day. Local sentiment was bearish, and,

Trading was dull on the Board of Trade

was an attempt to raid the market, but the efforts were fruitless, as a moderate demand developed on the decline, which ture of the trading was changing from Oats-White firm; mixed easier; No. 2 white, to better prices. September opened 1/0%c lower, at 73%@73%c, and fluctuated within a narrow range. After selling at 73%@74c there was a decline to 731/2c, and the close | easier; cash, 49c; July, 431/2c; September, 30%c; was at about the bottom, with a loss of %@ new July, 48%c; new September, 33%c. %c, at 73%@73%c. Seaboard clearances of \$5.12%. wheat and flour were equal to 775,000 bu. Primary receipts were 603,000 bu, against 734,000 a year ago. Local receipts were ninety-nine cars, with seven contract. Receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth were re-

ported as 242 cars, a total of 341, compared Corn opened easier on better weather and larger receipts, with a larger proportion of contract grade. Selling was quite general, 73@734c; Manitoba, No. 1 northern, cash, 76%c; and, while there was no conspicuous buy- No. 2 northern, 75%c. Oats-September, 32%c. ing, prices held well and there was only a minneapolis, July 12.—Wheat-July 74%@ small decline. There was little doing in the 74%c; September, 71%@71%c; on track, No. 1 July option, and after opening 4c down, at | hard, 81c; No. 1 northern, 79c; No. 2 northern, 85c, the close was %c higher, at 86c. Sep- 75%c. tember opened 46% lower, at 61%661%c, MILWAUKEE, July 12.-Barley firm; No. 2, advanced to 624 662%c, closing 166%c lower, 72672%c; sample, 64671%c. at 61% 261%c. Local receipts were 313 cars, with sixty-nine of contract grade.

Oats were weak under the influence of excellent weather, with prospects of favor, able conditions over Sunday. Shorts took advantage of the decline to cover extensively and this resulted in strengthening prices. September opened %@%c lower, at 33% 733%c, and ranged between 33%c and 33%c, closing 1/20%c lower, at 331/2033%c. Lo-

cal receipts were 115 cars. Provisions were moderately strong under the leadership of lard. There was an active demand for lard and longs took advantage of the better prices to dispose of their holdings, which tended to check the advance. Prices held fairly well, however, September lard closing 20c higher, at \$11.35, after selling between \$11.1714 and \$11.45; pork was un- | small, 1014c; New York full creams, fair to good, changed at \$18.70, after ranging between \$18.70 and \$18.80, and ribs closed 21/205c high-

er, at \$10.85. The range was between \$10.80 and \$10.871/2@10.95. Estimated receipts for Monday-Wheat, 98 cars; corn, 450; oats, 95; hogs, 32,000 head. Leading futures ranged as follows: Articles. Open- High- Low- Clos-

1	Wheat-	ing.	est.	est.	ing.
1	July	75%	76	75%	75%
Į	Sept	735%-737%	73%-74	7312	73%
1	Dec	7314-7334	7376-74	7332	73%-73%
1	Corn-				
ı	July	85	86	85	86
1	Sept	6114-6114	6214-62%		61%-61%
1	Dec	4756-4756		4754-47	
1	May	41%-41%	44%-44%	4434	44%
ì	Oats-				
ì	*July .	4455	4416	43%	4312
ı	**July	4934	4934	49	491/2
	*Sept .	30%	30%	301/2	3032
ı	**Sept	3374-3374	33%	3234	3312-33%
ı	**Dec .	331/8	2316	32%	3278
١	Pork-		Stranger of	74 F94	AUG 100
١	July\$1			18.60	\$18.60
ı	Sept 1	8.70	8.80	18.70	18.7214
ı	Lard-		41.00	VV INCOME.	
1	July\$1			11.271/2	11.35
1	Sept 1	1.17% 1	1.45	11.1759	11.35
ı	Ribs-				
ı	July 1	0.75 1		10.75	10.75
ı	Sept 1	0.80	0.90	10.80	10.85

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quiet: winter patents, \$3.65@3.75; straights, \$3.20@3.60; spring patents, \$3.50@3.75; straights, \$2.90@3.40; bakers' \$2.30@2.80 No. 3 spring wheat, 72@75c; No. 2 red, 764c. No. 2 corn, 854c; No. 2 yellow, 8546854c. No. 2 oats, 50c; No. 2 white, 54@54'4c; No. 3 white, 53@54c. No. 2 rye, 62c. No. 1 flaxseed, \$1.50; No. 1 Northwestern, \$1.63. Prime timothy seed, \$5.75. Mess pork, per brl, \$18.60@18.65. Lard, per 100 lbs, \$11.35. Short-rib \$18.60@18.65. Lava, per 100 10s. \$11.55. Short-lib sides (loose). \$10.70@10.80. Dry-salted shoulders 4d@1s. Tasmania, 600 bales; greasy, 414d@1s, 1d. statesmanship and fashions, at least at corn, 175,000 bu; oats, 142,000 bu; rye, 2,000 bu; first sight. As a matter of fact, nearly barley, 6,000 bu. Shipments-Flour, 4,000 bris every move in the world's diplomacy is ac- | wheat, 118,000 bu; corn, 344,000 bu; cats, 117,000

AT NEW YORK.

Corn a Little Higher.

NEW YORK, July 12 .- Flour-Receipts, 13,846 brls; exports, 82,891 brls. Market quiet 3-ib, \$1.75@2; 2-lb seconds, \$1.40@1.60; California terflies and beetles are marked by the most all day. Winter patents, \$3.90@4.10; winter extras, \$3.15@3.35; Minnesota bakers, \$3.15@ beetles for decorative purposes and their 3.30; winter low grades, \$2.95@3.50. Rye Spanish conquerors adopted the beautiful flour dull; fair to good, \$3.25@3.45; choice to fancy, \$3.55@3.70. Corn meal quiet; yelabout the same shape and size as the low Western, \$1.32; city, \$1.30; Brandywine, dull at 45c. Rosin quiet; quote: A. B. C. \$1.15; Exertian search though a trifle flatter and \$2.4567.55. Eve steady: No. 2 Western, 651.0. D. \$1.20; E. \$1.25; F. \$1.30; G. \$1.35; H. \$1.70; Egyptian scarab, though a trifle flatter and \$3.45@3.55. Rye steady; No. 2 Western, 65120 f. o. b. afloat; State, 63@64c c. i. f. New \$3.50; water white, \$3.65.

Wheat-Receipts, 13,147 bu; exports, 110,545 bu. Spot steady; No. 2 red, 804c elevator, at \$1.50. son, \$2.50; slack, Pittsburg, \$2.50; stack, West | nelian, milk quartz or even porcelain, 8140814c f. o. b. affoat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 831/2c f. o. b. affoat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 864c f. o. b. afloat. Options opened bris. lower in response to clearing and warmer conditions all through the wheat belt. From this the market gradually hardened | diana, \$4c. on covering and the light movement and | CHARLESTON, July 12 .- Spirits of turpentine closed steady at 46%c decline. July, 814c; September, 78% 278 15-16c, closed at 78% c, December, 78 13-16@79 1-16c, closed at 79c Corn-Receipts, 3,050 bu; exports, 18,095 bu. Market firm. No. 2, 713c elevator, 725c f. o. b. affoat. Options opened firmer here on September, with shorts good buyers on light stocks and steady cables; closed light stocks and steady cables; closed full rates. The prevailing prices are as follows: steady and 14@12c net higher. July closed Tin. spot to August, \$28.50@28.75; copper, standat 7012c; September, 65@6514c, closed at ard, spot to August, \$11.50@11.70; lake, \$12@12.15;

651cc: December closed at 523cc. Oats-Receipts, 48,000 bu; exports, 275 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 56c; No. 3, 551/2c; No. 2 white, 60'0 601/2c; No. 3 white, 60c; track white, 59@63c. Options lower at first on crop news, but rallied later with corn. Hay firm. Shipping, 65@70c; good to choice,

Hops firm. State, common to choice, 1901, 21@24c; 1900, 17@18c; old, 6@10c; Pacific coast, 1901, 20@24c; 1900, 17@18c; old, 6@10c. Hides steady. Galveston, 20@25 lbs. 18c; California, 21@25 lbs, 19c; Texas dry, 24@ 30 lbs. 13c. Leather steady; acid, 24625c Beef quiet. Family, \$16@16.50; mess, \$13.50; beef hams, \$21.50@22.50; packet, \$14.50@15; city extra India mess, \$24@25. Cut meats firm. Pickled bellies, \$11.50@12.50; pickled shoulders, \$9@9.50; pickled hams, \$12@12.50. Lard firmer. Western steamed, \$11.65. Refined strong. Continental, \$11.80; S. A., \$12.25; compound, \$8.1242@8.50. Pork firm. Family, \$21@21.50; short clear, \$19.50@22;

6%c; country (packages free), 6% 26%c. Cot- mand. Woolen yarns quiet. Linen and jute ton-seed oil steady. Prime crude, nominal; yarns firm, prime yellow, 44%@45c Rice firm. Domestic, fair to extra, 4%@ 616c; Japan, 4% 25c. Molasses steady. New Orleans open kettle, good to choice, 33@41c. Coffee-Spot Rio quiet. No. 7 invoice, 5%c. Mild quiet. Cordova, S@114c. Sugar-Raw steady. Fair refining, 2 13-16c; Receipts, 1,375 bales; stock, 84,540 bales. centrifugal, 96 test, 3 5-16c. Refined steady. No. 6, 4,10c; No. 7, 4c; No. 8, 3,90c; No. 9,

3.85c; No. 10, 3.80c; No. 11, 3.75c; No. 12, 3.70c; Sales, 1,638 bales.

mess. \$19.25@20.

HISTORY OF NEW HARMONY

MR. LOCKWOOD'S BOOK CALLS AT-Quotations at St. Louis, Baltimore, TENTION TO THIS EARLY UTOPIA.

Remarkable Experiments in Commu-

nity Life Whose Story Has Never Before Been Fully Told.

Washington Post.

Dry-sait meats steady; boxed lots extra shorts, From the earliest dawn of history until 11; clear ribs, \$11.12%; short clear, \$11.50. Bacon the discovery of America by Columbus steady; boxed lots extra shorts, \$11.874; clear there appeared from time to time political prime worth more. Corn meal steady at theorists and philosophers, each proposing a plan or formula for the realization of an ideal state of society. But, owing to the Bagging steady at 5% 06%c. Hemp twine, 9c. Receipts—Flour, 7,000 brls; wheat, 223,000 bu; corn, 35,000 bu; cats, 24,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, peculiar character of the topography and geography of Europe, as well as to the density of its population, not one of these theorists, reformers and philosophers, from Plato to Campanella, was able, until the Flour-St. Louis fancy winter event last named, to put their peculiar Hops, at London (Pacific coast), firm at £5@£5 10s. Beef quiet; extra India mess, views into practice.

Had Plato lived in the days of Queen Elizabeth he would have founded his new Atlantis somewhere on the coast of Virginia or North Carolina, but prior to the age of discovery dreamers of his class were enjoined from all such enterprises, for the simple reason that men had not yet learned to venture forth into the wilderness that bounded Europe on every hand, and because of the hosility of kings, lords and rulers, who regarded all such enterprises -Northern hand-picked, \$1.75@2 per bu. Hay
-Choice, in car lots, on track, \$16; clover, \$10.50
@11.50. Straw, \$5@5.50. Clean ginseng, \$3.50@4
per lb. New potatoes, \$1.75@1.85 per brl; new as dangerous and inimical to the welfare of the established order of things.

With the age of discovery Europe found herself in possession of three continents, the smallest of which exceeded her own area several times over and to settle and possess these regions formed the paramount question in the minds of the statesmen of that day and time. Thus it came to pass that political theorists and reformers, as enemies of established order, became watched and derided, they were given carte blanche to practice all they preached in the vast wilderness beyond the seas.

That such persons took full advantage of the opportunities placed before them of 59@594c; No. 2 mixed, 54@544c. Rye firm; No. putting their theories in practice is one of the established facts of history, and from, the days of William Penn down to a comparatively recent period one ideal state after another has taken root and run its course on the theater of North America. Yet, notwithstanding the importance of this phase of human history, it is somewhat singular that until now it has received very little atention from writers of history, who have left students of social science and history with little information upon the subject.

MR. LOCKWOOD'S BOOK.

of historical works dealing with the pecultar religious, socialistic and idealistic Geology," and founder of the Philadelphia lobampo experiment. Mr. Lockwood's work is that of a scholar

and an investigator. In the first chapter he calls attention to the fact that, in treatso thoroughly carried to a conclusion as of the Wabash. that which Robert Owen inaugurated at | From Owen's purchase of the New Har-New Harmony more than three-quarters | mony colony, the author goes through a of a century ago." "Brook Farm," he valuable historical matter to the final dissays, "has occupied a larger place in liter- integration of the society, and the subseature, but as a serious effort at solving the social problems of its time it did not approach New Harmony in importance." forms the subject of this work, is situated and all similar experiments, it proved a on the Indiana side of the Wabash river, failure. The learned men and great minds fifty-one miles above its mouth, and was | who went there to live "in community," to founded in 1815 by George Rapp, a German | teach Greek and peel potatoes, study geol-Pietist, and his disciples, some 800 Wurtem- ogy and lay brick, soon fell out and began burg peasants. The history of the Rappites | quarreling among themsedves, which led and their migration to Indiana, which eventually to the dissolution of the colony, takes up the second, third and fourth chap- | The oppressed laborers from England, who ters of Lockwood's work, forms some of the most interesting pages from the record | soon drifted off into more profitable occupa-

KANSAS CITY, July 12.-Eggs steady; fresh of the nineteenth century. Rapo was born in 1757, and was a farmer and vine dresser. At that time the churches | Viewed from the standpoint of the student and universities of Germany were hotbeds of politics and social science, Mr. Lockof corruption and vice, and Rapp, being a wood's book is a valuable contribution to great reader of the Bible and piously in- the science of political economy. Viewed clined, came in time to be an enemy of as a historical document, it is the first atwhat he considered an engine of wicked- tempt at a serious treatment of the rise, ness and sin (for all of which he endured progress, and decline of the communistic persecution of no gentle type.) A little settlements in America, a subject that has later in life he taught certain peculiar doc- thus far remained a virgin feld. trines, among them being one that he called "the dual nature of Adam." taught that Adam contained within his own person both the sexual elements, reading literally, in confirmation of this, Gen- | Name Given to the Universal Craze esis, i. 26-27: "And God said, let us make Good greasy Tasmanian combings and broken man in our own image, after our own likeness, and let them have dominion. So God created man in His own image, in the image of God created He him; male and female created He them.'

VICTIMS OF PERSECUTION. As a result of his peculiar doctrines, he and his followers were persecuted, and The imports during the week were: New South | above mentioned. Here in their new home Wales, 7.294 bales; Queensland, 683 bales; Victhey had full license to act and to think 7,253 bales; China, 728 bales; elsewhere, 614 as they saw fit. The "community of ST. LOUIS, July 12.-Wool strong; medium grades and combing, 13@18c; light fine, 12@151/2c; adopted and entered upon in 1805, before they left Wurtemburg, became the rule and the law by which they lived and were governed in their new home on the banks of the Wabash.

Their industry and thrifty, sober ways soon resulted in the Harmony community becoming one of the most prosperous settlements west of the Appalachians. It is recorded that the next year after their settlement they had 550 acres of cleared land, a sawmill, tannery, storehouse, vineyard distillery, 600 bushels of surplus grain, and 3,000 gallons of whisky, none of which they drank themselves, "for," says the \$2.05; K. \$2.55; M. \$3.05; N. \$3.45; window glass, author, "it is a peculiar fact that while the Harmonists were long famous for the excellence of their distillery output, strict turpentine firm at \$1.40, \$2.50 and \$2.60. Tar firm temperance has always been a rule of their organization." One other of their peculiar doctrines was their renunciation of the married state that dated from 1807. Continuing his history of the New Harmony experiment, the author relates how, ten years after the settlements of the Rappites on the Wabash, dissensions and other troubles caused Frederick Rapp, who succeeded his father as "king" of this community, to sell the estate, and to move the colony to Pennsylvania, where the original settlers under the elder Rapp had tarried a while on their migration to the NEW YORK, July 12.-General conditions in Wabash. The purchaser of this magnifithe metal market were unchanged to-day. The cent estate of 3,000 cultivated acres was olume of business booked was light, as is usual no other than the celebrated English labor on Saturday, but it was for the most part at agitator and reformer, Robert Owen. Along in the year 1818 Richard Flower, an Englishman, holding somewhat peculiar poelectrolytic, \$11.95@12.65; casting, \$11.75@11.95; iead, \$4.56; spelter, \$5.50. Iron was very quiet litical views, and kindred spirits founded an English colony in Illinois, some thirty miles distant from Harmony. A year or so later an effort was made to legalize slavery in Illinois, and in the front rank of the opposition were these English colonists led by Flower and his son Edward. a boy only sixteen years of age. The activity of the Flowers was so distasteful to those who favored the extension of slavery that efforts were made to assassinate the younger of the two, Edward Flower, and in consequence, his father deemed it prudent to take the young man to England until the excitement subsided. BOUGHT BY MR. OWEN.

Richard Flower had always remained on the best of terms with the Rappites, and when he started for England Frederick Rapp placed in his hands a commission | tion of the mucous membrane of the stom- | sented Greek philosopher would have been authorizing and empowering him to sell | ach can doubt that a vast amount of dis- | the first to condemn the iced soda water the Harmony estate. Reaching England, Tallow strong, City (\$2 for package), 6%@ regular. Worsted yarns steady, with fair de-Flower visited New Lanark, and laid be- is a well-founded belief that many cases | ure is the greatest good; but he expressly fore Robert Owen the advantages of Har- of sunstroke (last year, early in July, there | declared that we should avoid all pleasmony as a site for a communistic establishment in the new world, where Mr. Owen | drinks and then exposing one's self to the | comfort. might work out in practice theories long | blazing sun. promulgated by him. The outcome was that the sale was effected, the whole tract with all its improvements, ...nd most of knows how to use it rationally. Our way the valuable equipments, going for less of flinging chunks of it (possibly tainted than \$150,000.

Owen, "the father of English socialism," old Spanish way of cooling the water in as New Jersey.

1839

THE

1902

Fletcher National

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With ample capital, wide facilities and strong connections, offers its services to all who contemplate opening new accounts-but not at the cost of legitimate or profitable banking.

S. J. FLETCHER, Pres. CHAS, LATHAM, Cashier. S. A. FLETCHER, Ass't Cash

George Rapp had been in his. Born in 1771 of humble parentage, of limited education, first a factory employe and then a manufacturer, he arrived on the theater of human events at that period when machinery began to supplant manual labor all over England in a manner so suddenly and rapidly that thousands of men were deprived employment. While the big manufact turing plants were enlarged, wages were reduced, for not only were the recently employed clamoring for work, but the rural population was flocking by thousands to the factories on account of the prevalent agricultural depression. The result of all this was the practical enslavement of the English working classes, and, to quote from work, "by strange coincidence, this ensiavement came at a time when ideas of political freedom were everywhere in the ascendent. To remedy these evils was the task to which Owen addressed all his energies. Becoming in 1800 a partner in the New Lanark cotton mills, he set about bettering the condition of the operatives, a thing that proved so distasteful to his partners that he was compelled to buy out their interests and conduct the mills in his

Such was the character of the man who became the owner of the Harmony estate. In March, 1825, Owen was in Washington, where he delivered an address before the House of Representatives, explaining his plans for the redemption of the human He showed the President, members of both houses, Supreme Court judges, and others present a model of the buildings that he proposed to erect on the site of the old Rappite colony, which, he declared, would from that time forward be known as "New Harmony." The address that he made on this occasion was published with a manifesto inviting people to settle at New Harmony, and outlining his own peculiar and socialistic views, that were to be the law and the rule of the new settlement. JOINED BY LEARNED MEN.

The enterprise attracted a great deal of In view, therefore, of this somewhat attention. The previous success of the singular state of affairs, it is a pleasure Rappites on the same spot, and under a to note that a step has been taken in this government much similar to that which direction by Mr. George Browning Lock- Owen had declared should obtain under his wood in his history of "The New Harmony | management, attracted not only those who Communities," a work of great historical were seeking relief from industrial oppresvalue and peculiar interest from the fact | sion, but likewise a great many learned that it is the first of what may be a series | men, who cast in their lot and became members of the New Harmony colony. William Maclure, the "Father of American communities that have been founded and Academy of Natural Sciences; Thomas established in North America from the Say, the "Father of American Zoology; days of the Moravian settlement of western | the engravers, C. H. Lesueur, L. Lyon and Pennsylvania down to the ill-fated Topo- James Walker, Constantine Samuel Rafinesque, whose "Ichthyologia Ohiieasis," is to-day the most perfect work on American fishes extant; Gerard Troost, the great Dutch geologist, were all members of this ing the subject of philosophical experi- colony. In fact, it is no exaggeration to ments, New Harmony deserves first place | say that the intellectual development and for the reason that "there has not been awakening of the United States, especially another trial of philosophical communistic as regards science, dates from the founding association so auspiciously undertaken or of the New Harmony colony on the banks

quent efforts at its revival. The new New Harmony experiment was remarkable as the first colony of the sort established with-The village of New Harmony, which out a religious basis, but, like Brook Farm at first proved model community settlers, tions when once they began to realize the great possibilities that surrounded them.

A MIDSUMMER MADNESS.

for Iced Drinks.

aging things about modern warfare is the fact that the mortality from disease averages about twice as great as that from bullets. In some cases it is much more than double, as in the Russo-Turkish war of 1877-1878, when the Russian army lost 88,000 at last driven to take refuge in what was by diseases, as against only 28,000 who sucthen the wilderness; the great West of cumbed to wounds. Even in the Boer war Receipts—Flour, 10,000 bris: wheat, 47,000 bu scoured, 3d@1s 31/2d; greasy, 7% @8d. The ar- the United States, in which domain they troops engaged—13,272, as against 7,795, an series amount to founded the town of Harmony in the year excess of 5.477 on the side of disease. Yet it would be unfair to jump to the conclusion that medical science and practice are at fault. Great advances have been made in recent decades in miltary surgery and saniequality" that he and his followers had | tation, and the doctors are painstaking and conscientious.

The cause of the trouble lies in the soldiers themselves; they are their own deadliest enemies. The diseases to which they succumb during a campaign are, for the most part, of an infectious enteric character, such as typhoid fever and dysentery, and they are brought on by the reckless disregard of careful sanitary instructions about the drinking of foul or suspicious water before it has been boiled. The same soldier who would bravely face death or torture on the battlefield succumbs in the most cowardly way before the momentary discomfort of thirst, and drinks out of any polluted river or puddle, utterly regardless of consequences. When Kitchener was on the march to the Sudan the soldiers were sternly warned against drinking the cholera-infected water of the Nile; nevertheless, so many of them sneaked to the banks to quench their thirst that a few of them had to be shot to deter the others and to preserve discipline. These facts may be dwelt on as affording

gun to attack our army in the Philippines. Our present purpose, however, is to point a moral nearer home. The reckless lack of foresight shown by soldiers in hot climates is paralleled by the midsummer madness of many men and women in our sweltering cities. From early morn till late at night pounded ice put into the glass. Many of these greedy gulpers must be glacier water; and if a pedestrian disregards this advice, he inevitably finds drug store in summer. Everybody clamors himself getting more and more thirsty, and | madly for ice. if he keeps on drinking, he will be likely brought on by chilling the system with iced | joyment at the cost of future pain or dis-

Ice, of course, is a necessity in this climate; but not one family in a hundred RAILROAD TIME CARD.

P. M. time is in BLACK figures. Trains marked thus: *-Daily; S-Sleeper; P-Parlor Car; C-Chair Car; D-Dining Car; t-Except Sunday; Sunday only. !Daily except Monday.

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st. Louis express, s..... New York and St. Louis express, s., CHICAGO LINE. afayette accommodation Chicago fast mail, d p. hleago White City special, d p

Cincinnati Line. Cincinnati express, s Cincinnati express, s...... Cincinnati express, s ... Cincinnati accommodation. Cincinnati express, p

Cincinnati, Washington flex, sd.... 6.20 N. Vernon and Louisville ex, 8.......... \$,45 *11.45 N. Vernon and Louisville ex.... PEORIA LINE. Peoria, Bloomington, m and ex Peoria and Bloomington, fex. dp 11.50 Champaign accommodation, pd......4.10 Peoria and Bloomington, ex s......*11 50 SPRINGFIELD AND COLUMBUS LINE. Columbus and Springfield ex

ew Castle accommodation

Ohio special, d p.....

CIN., HAM. & DAYTON BY. City Ticket Office, 25 W. Wash. St. Cincinnati express, s c ... *4.00 Cincinnati fast mail, s ... *8.05 Cin. and Dayton ex, p ... 10.40 Cincinnati and Dayton ex, p......... 2.45 CHI., IND. & LOUIS RY. MONDN ROUTE Ticket Office, 25 West Wash St

Chicago express, p d*11.50 Monon accom LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

Chi'go night ex, s.. 12.25

Chicago fast mail, s, pd

Toledo, Chicago and Michigan ex......†7.00 *10.25 Toledo, Detroit and Chicago lim....*12.20 †3.25 Muncie, Lafay'te and Mich C'y spec.†7.25 †10.25 INDIANA, DECATUR & WESTERN R'Y. Decatur and St. Louis mail and ex #8.00 #4.25

Ticket offices at station and at corner Illinois ton Streets. hiladelphia and New York Baltimore and Washington. Columbus, Ind. and Louisville*8.45 *12.00 Columbus, Ind. and Louisville. Richmond, Piqua and Columbus, O 7.25 *10.40 Vincennes Express Columbus, Ind. & Madison Louisville Accommodation Martinsville Accomodation..... Dayton and Xenia. Pittsburg and East, Phil., New York. . *8.10 *12.10 . *10.00 *3.45 . *11.85 *3.40 Martinsville Accom. Logansport and Chicago. Richm'd, way points to Bradford, 0.+1.25 Philadelphia and New York..........3.05 Dayton and Springfield. Vincennes Accommodation...... Pittsburg and East ... Columbus, Pittsburg and East pencer Accommodation nisville Accommodation Phil. and New York, "The Limited" Dayton and Xenia.

Northland Express. Richmond Accommodation .. Martinsville Accommodation Logansport and Chicago . . VANDALIA LINE. St. Louis limited... Terre Haute, St. Louis and West

INTERURBAN TIME CARD.

St. Louis and all points West......*11.20 **Daily. †Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

UNION TRACTION CO., OF INDIANA. Time Table Effective May 23, 1902. Station-Union Block, 119 West Maryland Street.

For Anderson, Muncie, Marion, Alexandria and intermediate stations. Leave: 4:15 a. m. each hour thereafter until 9:15 p. m. and f1:15 Limited trains for Anderson and Muncle. Leave: 8 a. m., 11 a. m., 2 p. m. and 5 p. m., arriving Anderson in one hour and twenty-five minutes, and Muncle in two hours. 11 a. m. and 5 p. m. trains make direct connections at Anderson with limited trains for Elwood. leave West Maryland-street station at 5:15 a. m. Express car leaves West Maryland-street station 9:30 a. m.

INDIANAPOLIS & GREENFIELD RAPID

TRANSIT COMPANY. PASSENGER CARS-Leave Georgia and Meridian streets. First car at 6 a. m. and hourly thereafter until 10 p. m. Last car leaves at 11:30 FREIGHT CARS-Arrive at Georgia and Meridian streets at 8 a. m. and leave at 9 a. m. Also arrive at 2:30 and leave at 3:30 p. m. COMBINATION PASSENGER AND EXPRESS CARS-Leave Georgia and Meridian streets at 6 a. m., 9 a. m., 12 noon, 3 p. m., 6 p. m., 9

INDIANAPOLIS, GREENWOOD & FRANKLIN R. R. CO.

Passenger cars leave Pennsylvania and Washington streets. First car at 6 a. m. and hourly a timely hint, now that the cholera has bethereafter until 10 p. m. Last car leaves at 11:15 Combination passenger and express leaves Georgia and Meridian streets for Greenwood only at 9:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

porous earthen pitchers. This gives it the drug stores are crowded with rows of | that medium-cold temperature which alone thirsty individuals who eagerly gulp down | really quenches the mad thirst of midlarge quantities of ice-cold drinks with as- | summer. A similar result may be obtained tonishing disregard of pathological conse- by cooling bottles or siphons in a refrigquences. Some of them even aggravate erator. Better, however, than any cold the evil by having a spoonful or two of | drink in summer is weak tea or some other hot drink. Partaking of this is soon followed by a delightful feeling of contentaware that ice-cold drinks do not really | ment, or even exhibaration. Of course, a allay one's thirst. The Swiss guidebooks warm drink does not tickle the palate so always warn tourists against drinking pleasantly as the ice water does; hence its unpopularity; you cannot get it in any

No doubt, many of these ice water to need the services of a doctor in the drinkers would be surprised and indignant evening. The pleasant flavors of our iced to be called gross and foolish sensualists. drinks make them much more tempting to | Yet that is what they come perflously near thirsty mortals than the glacier water, being. They swallow the soda water simpwhich they excel in coldness; consequently | ly because it feels good for a few seconds the dose is repeated at every opportunity. I to have the sweet, cold liquid roll down It is very profitable to the druggist, but | the throat. A man who does this may be disastrous to the drinkers. On such a sub- called an epicure-one who likes good ject it is impossible to collect statistics. | things to cat and drink-but to call him an but no one who has studied physiology epicurean would be an insult to Epicuand knows the extremely sensitive condi- | rus. That much-maligned and misrepreease is brought on, directly or indirectly, habit and to moralize on our midsummer by the ice-cold soda water habit. There | madness. He did, indeed, teach that pleaswere more than two hundred a day) are ures that provide only a momentary en-

Out of Their Beat.

Washington Post. We shall have to decline to accept a with typhoid germs) into our pitchers or New York editor as authority upon what The new proprietor of Harmony, Robert | glasses is infinitely less civilized than the | is done or not done in a State so far West